

Design by Helena Chmelíková

## PRECIOSA Candy ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

 11101 363; 6 mm ; 8 mm ; 12 mm
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PRECIOSA Rocailles
33119 oo1; 10/o


Preciosa Ornela introduces beads and seed beads from the PRECIOSA Traditional Czech Beads ${ }^{T M}$ brand.


## Grandmás favourite

Did your grandmother have a favourite broach? Try using this tutorial to create a broach variant in green or you can choose your very own color scheme. Choose the PRECIOSA Candy ${ }^{T M}$ beads in the three sizes (6, 8 and 12 mm ) in many finishes and colors.

## Materials and tools:

PRECIOSA Candy ${ }^{\text {TM }}$
$11101363 ; 6 \mathrm{~mm}$;
02010/24105 dark green; 7x (C1)
$11101363 ; 8 \mathrm{~mm}$;
00030/G1163 metallic green; 6x (C2)
en
$11101363 ; 12 \mathrm{~mm} ;$
02010/25034 moss green; 4x (C3)
PRECIOSA Rocailles ( $\mathbf{R}$ )
33119 001; 10/0; 59155
green iris; 56 x

- a round $25-30 \mathrm{~cm}$ broach base
a regular 0.30 mm grey wire; heat melt glue with a pistol, snipping pliers; flat-nosed pliers (they help when tightening and pulling the wire)



## Difficulty:

## Technique: sewing

## Procedure:

Pay attention to the bead orientation when stringing the Candy:twist all of the beads so that the convex side is facing upwards. Step1:
Cut off about 60 cm of wire. String $4 \times \mathrm{C} 3$. Tie them off with two knots.


Step 2:
Thread the wire through the holes in the $\mathrm{C}_{3}$ and add a cross consisting of 4 sets of $3 \times \mathbf{R}$ and $\mathrm{C} \mathbf{C}$
between them. Tie off the end of the wire and pull it into the holes. Snip it off.


Step 3:
Snip off about 60 cm of wire. Thread the wire through the second holes in the $\mathrm{C}_{3}$ and thread 1x C2 between each of them.


Step 4:
Start sewing the side projections. Thread the wire through the $\mathbf{C} 2$ on the narrower sides and string $8 \mathrm{x} \mathbf{R}$ above the $\mathrm{C}_{3}$. String $1 \mathrm{x} \mathbf{R}$ $1 x \mathbf{C}, 2 \times \mathbf{R}, 1 \times \mathbf{C} 1$ and $1 \times R$ on the sides between the $\mathbf{C} 2$. Tie off the ends of the wire. Do not finish it off yet.


Step 5:
Snip off 60 cm of wire. Thread the wire through the outer hole of in the $\mathrm{C}_{3}$. String $3 \times \mathbf{R}$. Thread the wire through the empty hole in the $\mathbf{C}$ 2. Place it at the rear of the broach when tightening the $3 \times \mathbf{R}$. String $2 \times \mathbf{R}$ and the empty hole of the $\mathbf{C}$. String $4 \times \mathbf{R}$ and thread the wire through the $\mathbf{C} 1$ again. String $1 \mathrm{x} \mathbf{C}$. Create another loop of $4 \times R$ at the next $C 1$. String $2 \times \mathbf{R}$ and thread the wire through the $\mathbf{C}$. Place the 3 new $\mathbf{R}$ on the back. Continue with the second projection. Repeat the same stringing.


Step 6:
Thread the wire agan through almost everything which you strung in Step 5 . String $4 \times \mathbf{R}$ on the top of the projections above the $\mathbf{C}_{1}$ from Step 5. Thread the wire through the empty hole in the $\mathbf{C} 1$ and string $1 x \mathbf{R}$ on both sides of the $\mathbf{C} 1$. Tie off the ends of the wire. Also finish the wire from Step 4.
 the back


Step 7:
Reinforce and brace the broach from the back by sewing $2 \mathrm{x} \mathbf{C} 2$. Snip off 30 cm of wire. Thread the wire through the internal hole of the $\mathbf{C}_{3}$. Sew on a $\mathbf{C}_{2}$ on the rear with the convex part fitting into the dimple. Thread the wire through the internal hole by the adjacent C3. Sew the flat section of the second $\mathbf{C} 2$ to the previous $\mathbf{C} 2$. Tie off the ends of the wire. Snip it off just behind the knot. You can also use the other $\mathbf{C}$ sizes according to the dimensions of the base.


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Step 8:
Glue on the broach base. Apply the glue around the outside and the centre of the base.


